



The DLR Multi Mission EO Ground Segment

Payload Ground Segment

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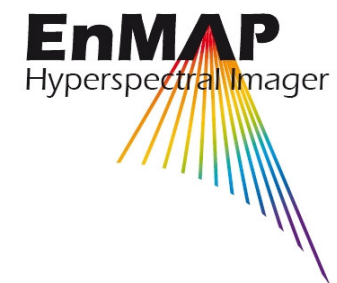
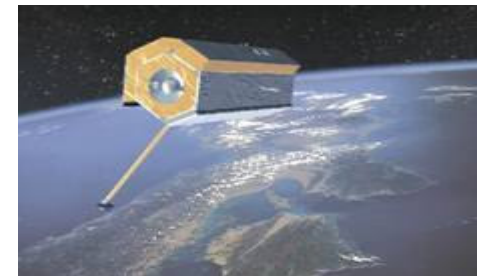
DLR Ground Segment for Earth Observation: Servicing GMES, national and commercial users

- One of the largest European earth observation data acquisition facility
 - optimal geographic position in Europe
 - and **international** station locations
- One of the largest European „Processing and Archiving Center“
 - National Missions
 - ESA MMFI, EUMETSAT/SAF
- Focus in ground segment engineering and development of multi mission infrastructures
 - Focus on national missions and GMES
- Strong relation to commercial partners



National Earth Observation Missions & Data Supply

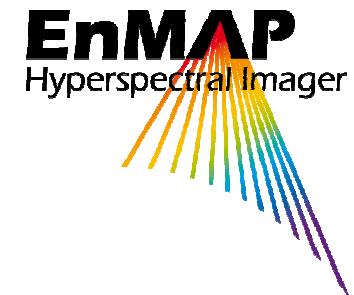
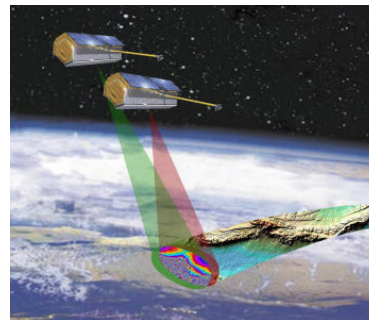
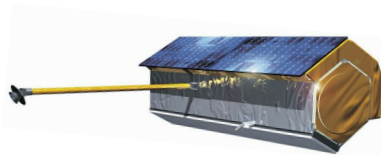
- TerraSAR-X / TanDEM-X
 - PPP with ASTRIUM / Infoterra
 - Operations & Science Support at DLR
 - Set-up of global station network for TanDEM-X
- EnMAP
 - Science driven mission with hyperspectral instrument
 - National station Neustrelitz plus polar location
- Commercial Data with DFD Operations Support
 - IKONOS & GeoEye-1: European Space Imaging
 - IRS/ Indian; ResourceSAT and CartoSAT: Euromap
- Further national mission data
 - SRTM: X-Band global DEM
 - BIRD: Fire detection from space
 - CHAMP / GRACE
 - RapidEye: science data management





“From Processor Development to Operations”

- Integration of data processors into multi mission ground segment
- Focus Payload Ground Segment
 - Multi mission infrastructure for data management and data reception
 - Engineering according international standards
 - Operations with highest possible/achievable degree of automation
 - Heritage of experience with ESA missions: ERS D-PAF, ENVISAT D-PAC, ESA MMFI
- Ground segment set up for national missions





Functional Structure of the EO Ground Segment

Mission Operations

German Space Operations Center
(GSOC)

- Satellite operations and control
- Mission planning and commanding
- Monitoring
- Flight dynamics

Payload Ground Segment

Cluster Applied Remote Sensing
(DFD und IMF)

- User and service element interface
- Interface to mission planning
- Data reception and data circulation
- Processing, archiving and catalogue
- Product distribution



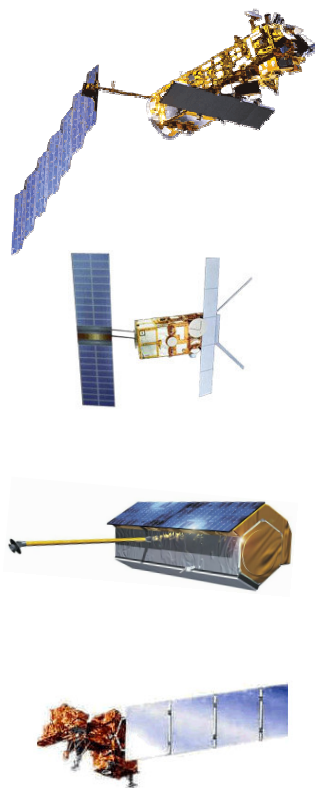
Instrument Operations and Calibration

Depending on instrument

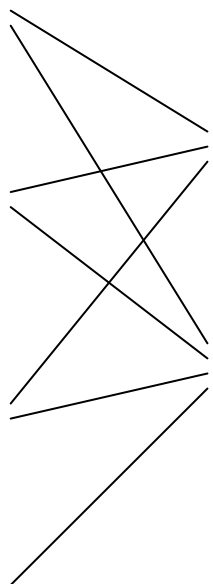
- Instrument system engineering
- Instrument operations
- Calibration and long term monitoring



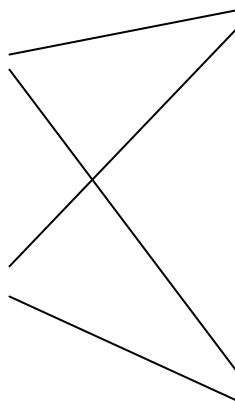
Missions, Facilities and Users



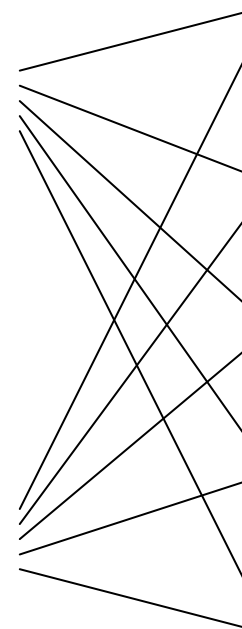
EO Satellites



Receiving Stations



Processing
Archiving
Distribution



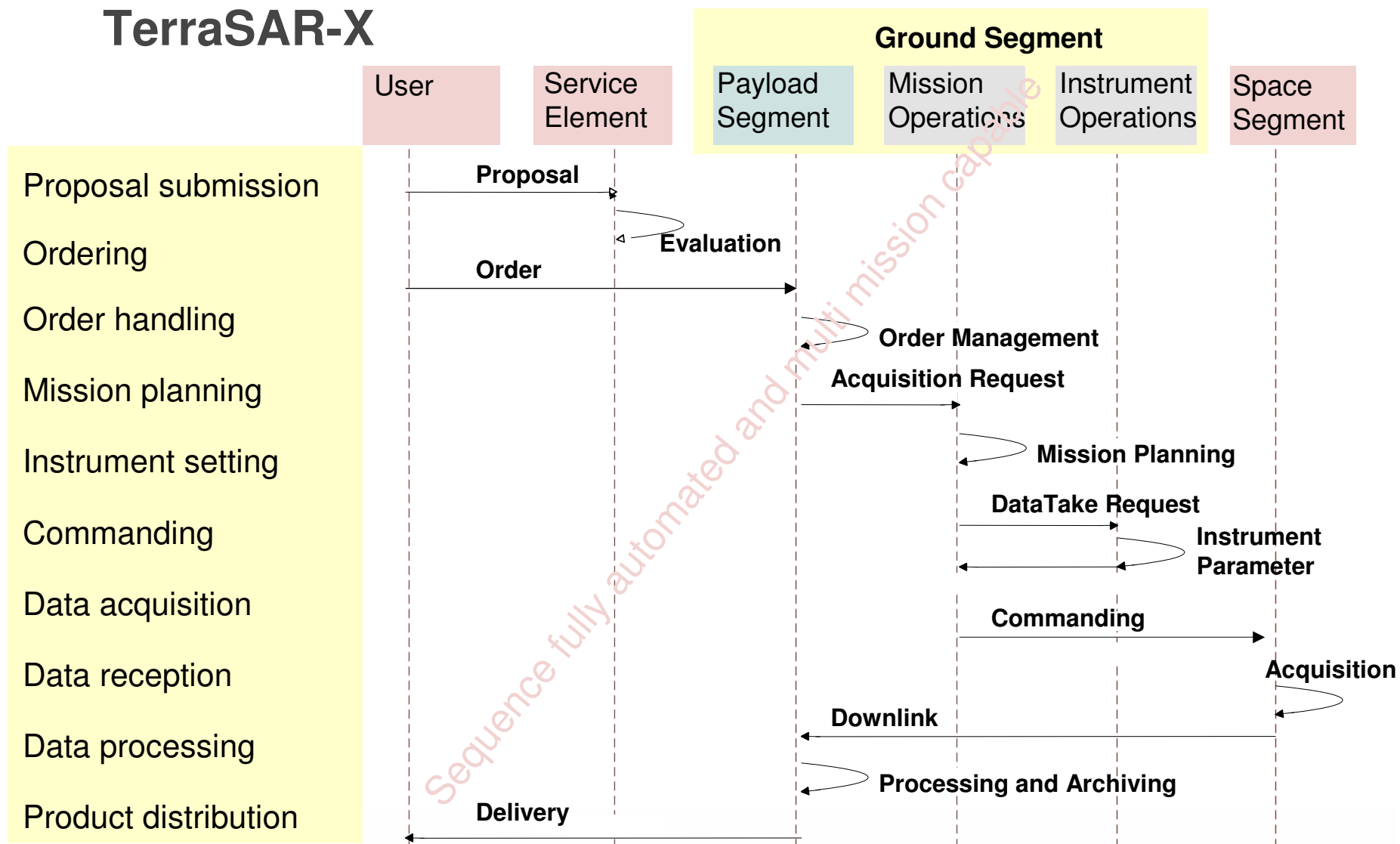
Service-Elements
& Users



Payload Ground Segment Engineering

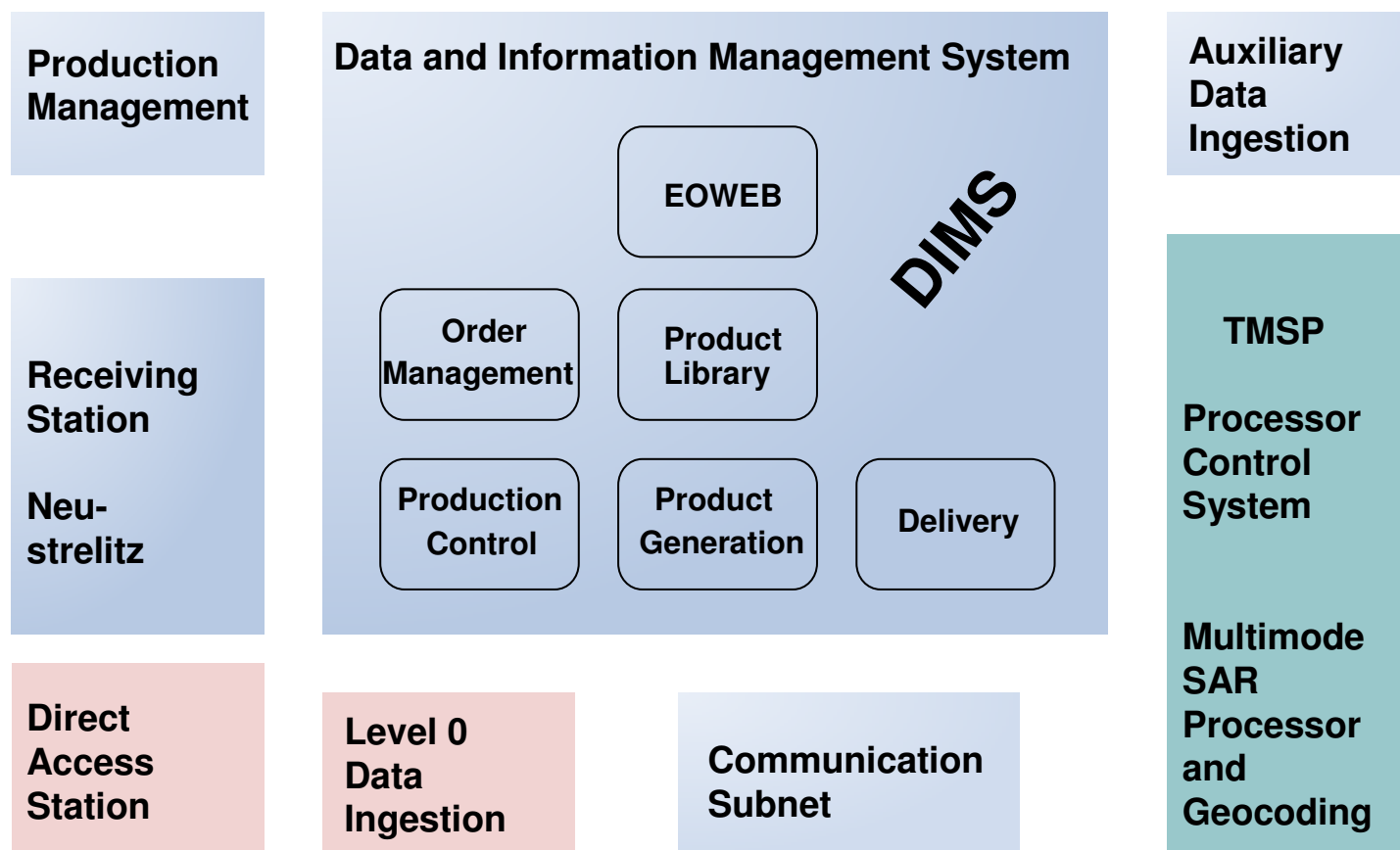
- Analysis of mission scenario
 - Order driven mission operations scenario
 - Data driven mission operations scenario with systematic acquisition
- Multi mission approach
 - Generic and missions specific elements
- Configuration of the generic multi mission elements
 - User services, archiving and cataloguing, data distribution and operations monitoring
- Integration of missions specific elements
 - Processing, scenario dependant workflow and workflow control
- To cost and in time

TerraSAR-X

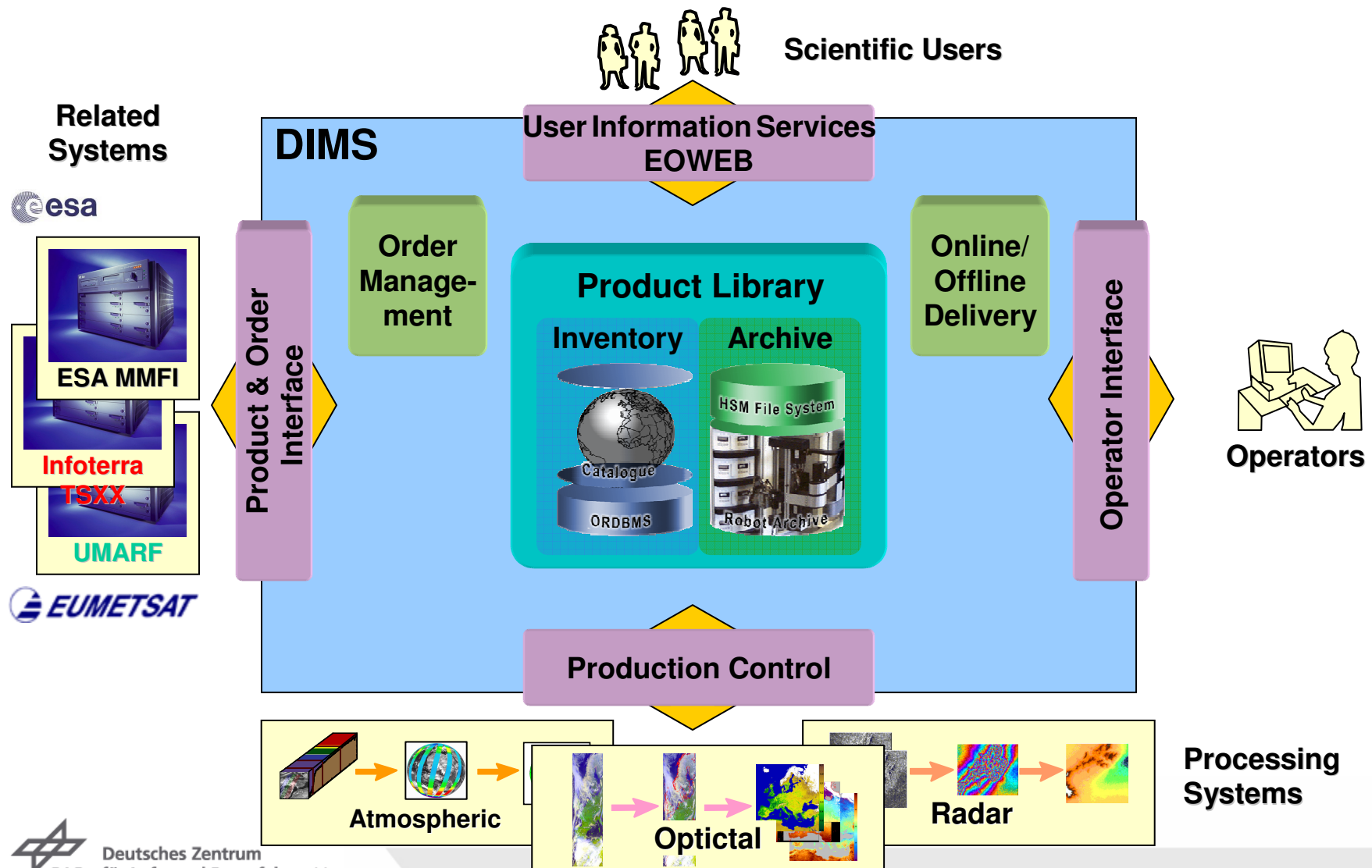




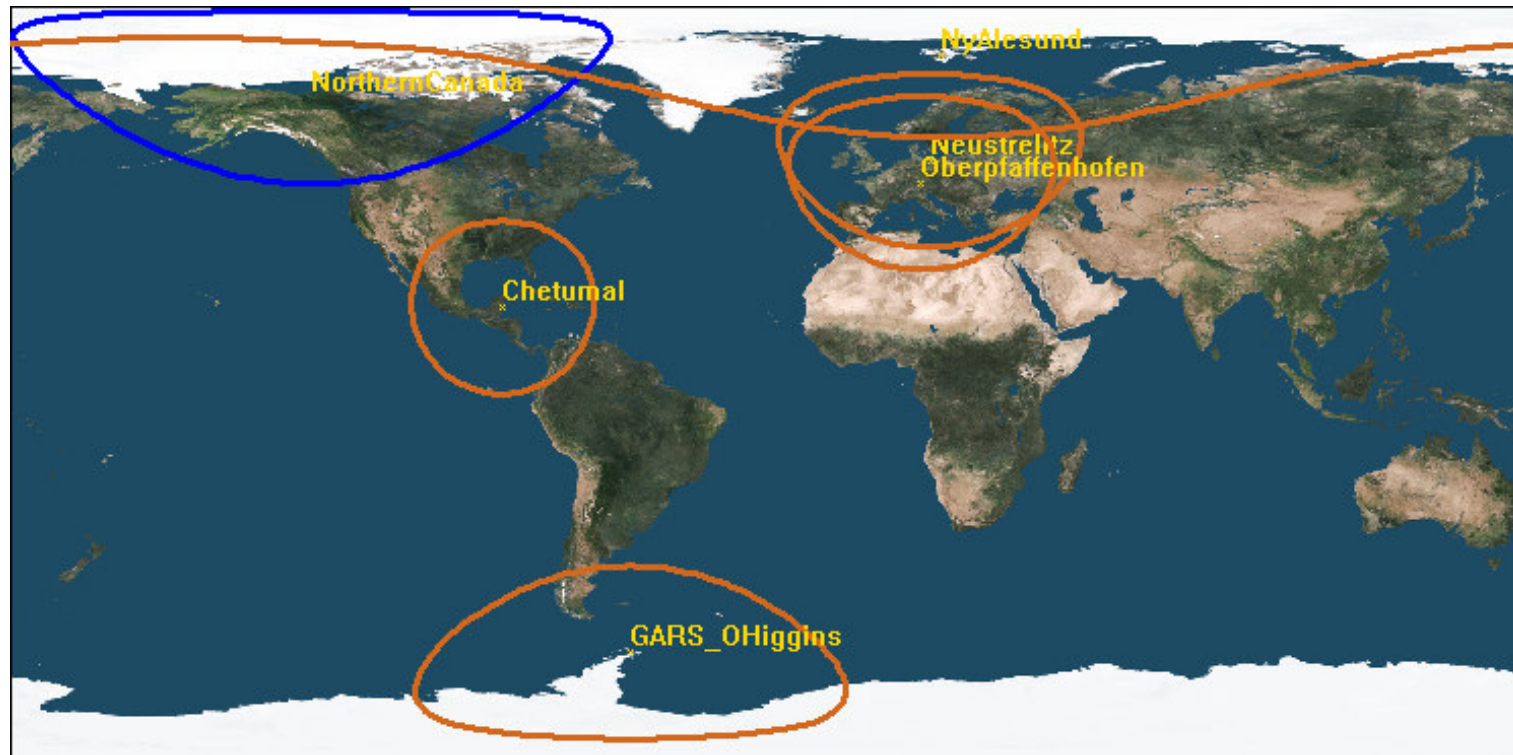
Subsystems of TerraSAR-X Payload Ground Segment



Data Management and Request Workflow: DIMS



DFD Payload Ground Segment: Receiving Stations



Permanent

Neustrelitz (Germany)
Oberpfaffenhofen (Germany)

3 LSX-band 7.3 m, LS-band 4.0 m, VHF
 X-band 3.6 m, L-band 2.4 m, L-band 4.0 m
 X-band (5,6 m) for European Space Imaging

Transportable

O'Higgins (Antarctic)
Chetumal (Mexico)
Ny Álesund (with GFZ, Spitzbergen)

LSX-band 9.0 m
 LSX-band 8.0 m
 S-band 4.0 m

In preparation

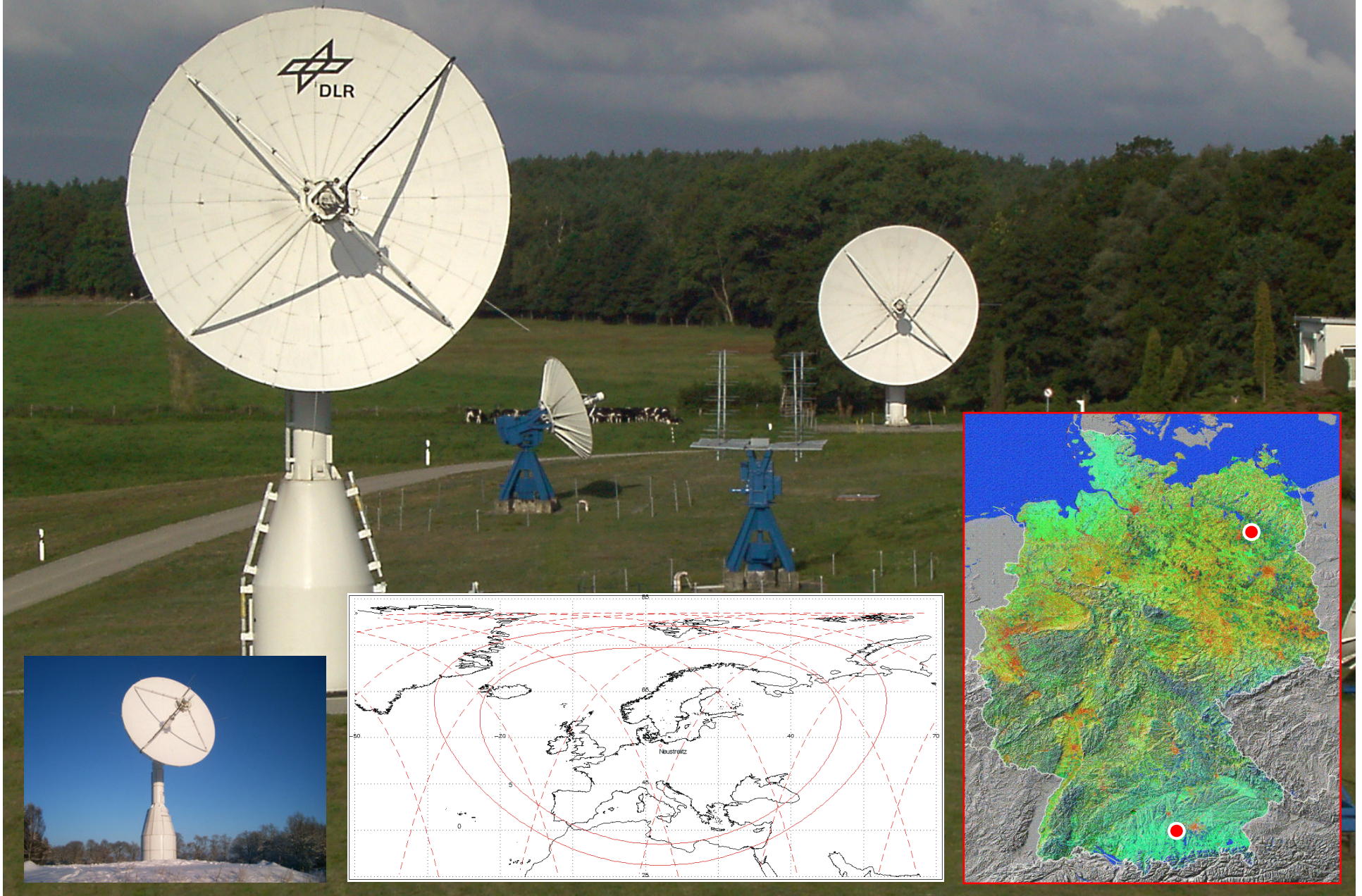
Inuvik

SX-band 9.0 m



Deutsches Zentrum
 für Luft- und Raumfahrt e.V.
 in der Helmholtz-Gemeinschaft

Neustrelitz: major national site and NRT center



IKONOS Mobile ROC at DLR-Oberpfaffenhofen



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International Stations I

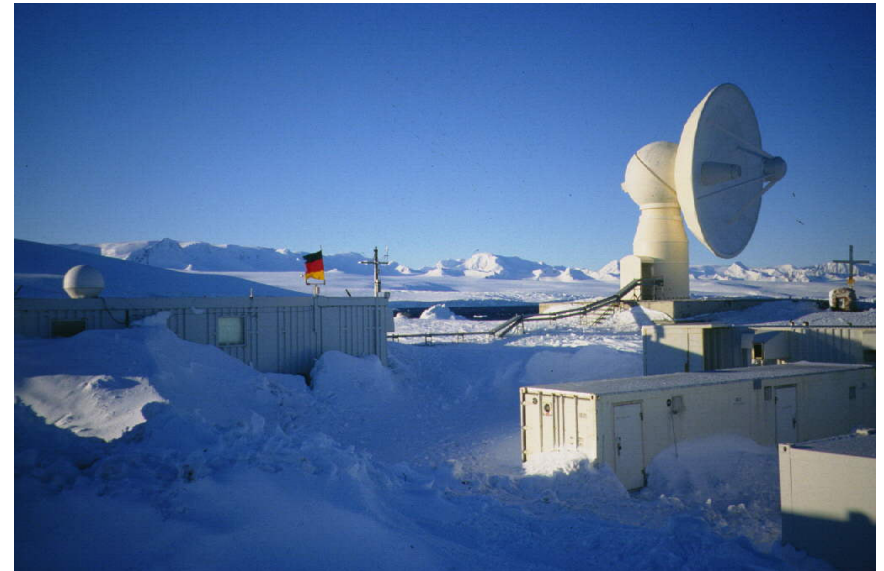
Station Ny Alesund

78.9° N 11.9° E



German Antarctic Receiving Station

63.3° S 57.9° W





International Stations II

Chetumal / Mexico

18.5° N 88.2° W





Satellite data received by DFD ground stations

- In Neustrelitz

- Ground stations primarily for high data rate reception in Europa

- Landsat-7 (ESA-Earthnet)
 - ERS-2, Envisat (ESA, national)
 - IRS-1C/IRS-1D (Euromap) **IRS-P3** (Euromap, national)
 - Champ, Grace (national)
 - BIRD (national)
 - Koronas-F (national) **MarocTubsat** (national)
 - Orbview-2 (Orbimage)
 - TerraSAR-X (national/Infoterra)
 - IRS-P6 (Resource-Sat) **IRS-P5** (CartoSat, Euromap)
 - ALOS (ESA)

- In Oberpfaffenhofen

- Ground stations primarily for low data rate reception in Europa

- NOAA, *Metop* (national)
 - Meteosat, *MSG* (national)
 - Terra, *Aqua* (national, ESA)
 - Ikonos (European Space Imaging)

- International stations network

- Ground stations for missions and commercial customers

- ERS-2, Landsat, IRS-1C/D, NOAA, Champ, Terra / Aqua, Envisat



TanDEM-X

- Systematic acquisition as basis for production of global digital elevation model
 - Repeated acquisition of Earth land surface
 - No direct user orders
 - Generation of request workflow within ground segment
- Experimental modes
- Common space resources for TerraSAR-X and TanDEM-X mission goals
 - Common ground segment



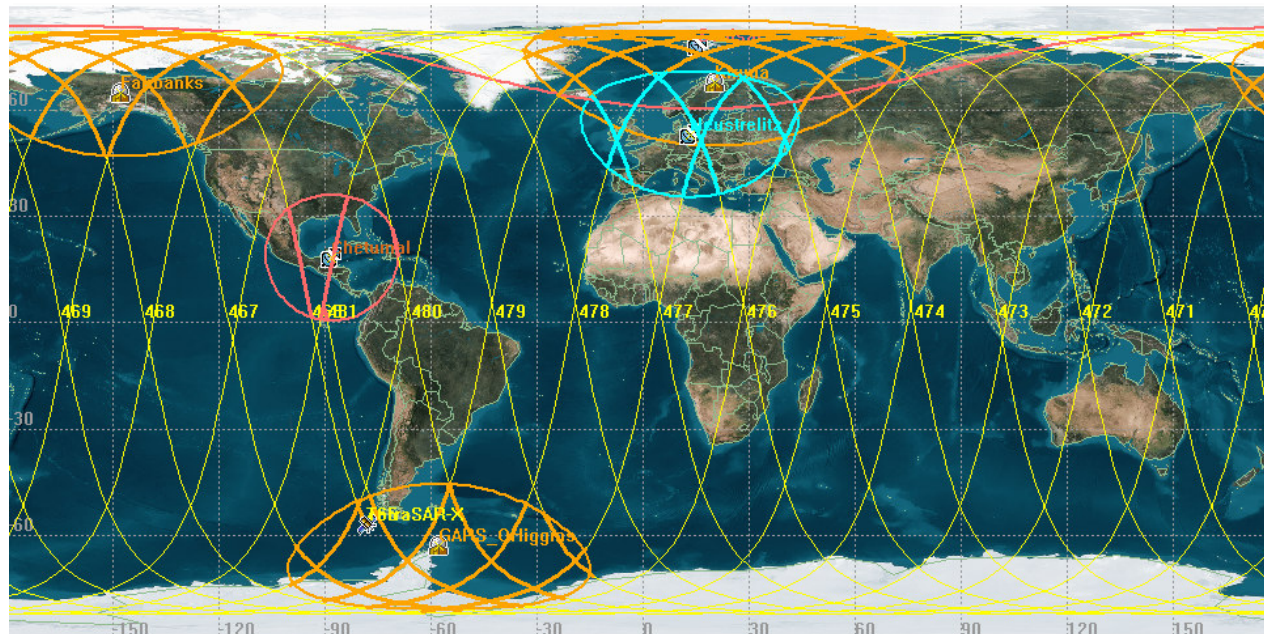


TanDEM-X Challenge for Ground Segment

- Integration of processing chain
 - Bi-static SAR-Processor
 - Multi-Baseline InSAR-DEM-Processor
 - DEM Calibration- und Mosaic-Processor
- Ground segment wide planning process
 - Different mission phases with different baselines in different geographic latitudes
 - „Production Planning“ and „Production Monitoring and Control“ as new components within the payload ground segment
- Extensive data volume
 - [Data reception of about 350 GB data / day](#), together with TerraSAR-X up to about 500 GB data / day
 - TanDEM-X archive volume about 1.5 petabyte in 3 years

TanDEM-X Receiving Stations

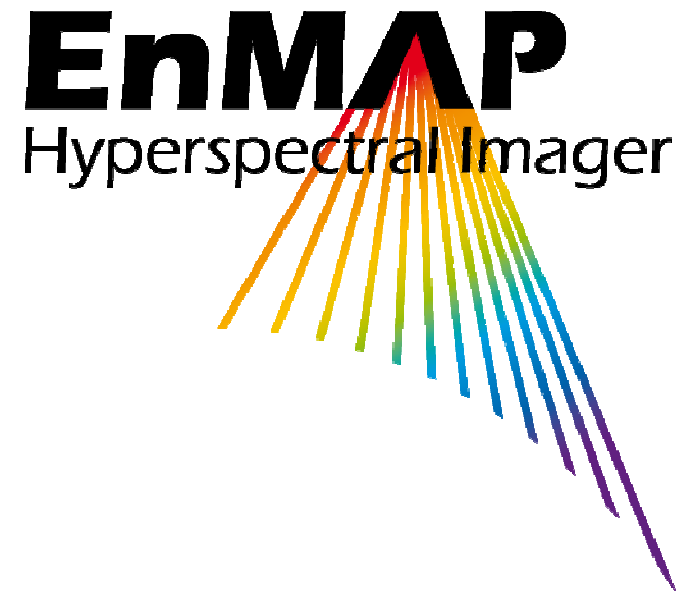
- 300 MBit/s downlink capability as set by existing TerraSAR-X
- About 10000 s contact time for TanDEM-X mission with baseline of station locations Neustrelitz, O'Higgins, Kiruna and Fairbanks as "first guess"
- Additional contact time for TerraSAR-X direct access stations





EnMAP

- Current development status: end of phase B
- Data management and request workflow considers hyper spectral sensor
- Hybrid of systematic acquisition and user driven acquisition
 - “Instrument Planning”





Conclusion

- Multi mission approach well proven and also feasible for quite heterogeneous missions
- Multi mission kernel data management: DIMS
- Multi mission kernel data reception: network of national and international stations
- Usage of elements of multi mission infrastructure or their further development in cooperation for mutual advantage like the antenna in Chetumal



Many thanks for your attention,

**... any kind of further discussion,
comments or questions are welcome!**